I Claim:

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1. An optical apparatus comprising:

a first bus having at least one subsystem module connected thereto, said at least

one subsystem module having at least one optical device which is connected to a second

bus of the same protocol as said first bus.

10 2. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 1, further comprising a host processor which

is connected to a channel access table.

3. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 2, wherein said channel access table includes

a plurality of individual channel addresses, corresponding physical addresses for each of

said plurality of individual channel addresses, and a memory address offset for each of a

plurality of individual channels.

4. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein each of said at least one

submodules further includes a microcontroller.

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5. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 3, wherein said first bus is an address based

shared bus interface.

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6. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 5, wherein said host processor is connected to said address based shared bus interface.

- 7. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 5, wherein said address based shared bus interface is a serial interface.
- 8. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein said second bus is an internal shared bus interface.
- 10 9. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein said same protocol is chosen from the group consisting essentially of the I²C protocol, the SPI protocol, the Ethernet protocol and the RS232 protocol.
- 10. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 2, wherein said host processor calculates a 15 virtual access syntax which includes a channel address, a command, a memory address and data bytes.
 - 11. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 3, wherein said host processor calculates a physical access syntax using said channel access table.
 - 12. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 11, wherein said physical access syntax includes a physical address, a command, a memory address and offset, and data bytes.

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13. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein said at least one subsystem module further comprises a plurality of subsystem modules.

- 14. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 13, wherein at least one channel is connected 5 to each of said plurality of subsystem modules.
 - 15. An optical apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein said at least one optical device is chosen from the group consisting essentially of transmitters, receivers, transceivers and transponders.
 - 16. A method of accessing a plurality of optical devices, the method comprising: translating a channel address to a physical access address with a memory offset.
- 17. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein said translating further comprises using a 15 channel access table.
 - 18. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein said channel address is used by a host processor to calculate a virtual access syntax.
- 20 19. A method as recited in claim 18, wherein said physical access address is used by said host processor to calculate a physical access syntax.
 - 20. A method as recited in claim 19, wherein said host processor accesses a channel

21. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the plurality of optical devices are disposed

in at least one submodule, and said submodule includes a bus which has a protocol that is

the same as a protocol of another bus to which a host processor is attached.

22. A method as recited in claim 17, wherein said channel access table further comprises

a plurality of individual channel addresses, corresponding physical addresses for each of

said plurality of individual channel addresses, and a memory address offset for each of a

plurality of individual channels.

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23. A method as recited in claim 21, wherein each of said at least one submodules

includes a microprocessor which communicates said physical access syntax to said

plurality of optical devices.

24. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein a host processor performs said translating.

25. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein the accessing further comprises reading

data from said plurality of optical devices.

26. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein the accessing further comprises writing

data to said plurality of optical devices.

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27. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein said plurality of optical devices are part of a wavelength division multiplexed communication system.